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 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

61 E I, II

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020
 General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020

ඉගේල විද්‍යාව I, II
 புவிப்பியல் I, II
 Geography I, II

පැය තුනයි
 மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
 Three hours

අමතර කියවීම් කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි
 மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்
 Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.

Index No. :

Geography I

- * This question paper comprises 40 questions.
- * Answer all questions on this paper itself in accordance with the instructions given for each question.

- From the answers given in the parentheses, select the answer that suits the blank in each question from No. 1 to 5 and write it on the dotted line.
1. Sri Lanka is located on the geo-tectonic plate.
(Arabian / African / Indo-Australian)
 2. Of the total amount of global water is oceanic water.
(97.5% / 79% / 71%)
 3. Of the three horizons of a soil profile, humus soils contain in the horizon.
(A / B / C)
 4. The Mediterranean climate is a special type of climate that could be identified within the climatic zone of the World.
(Tropical / Temperate / Cold)
 5. The main mountain range located in South America is known as mountains.
(Cordillera / Andes / Rocky)
- Read each statement from No. 6 to 10 and circle 'C' if it is correct and circle 'W' if it is incorrect.
6. Graphite is a valuable ferrous mineral resource. C / W
 7. Of the soil types in Sri Lanka the Reddish Brown Latozol soil is a soil type endemic to the Wet Zone. C / W
 8. Of the total land area of the World about 65% is sparsely populated areas. C / W
 9. The local milk production supplies the total amount of milk requirements of Sri Lanka. C / W
 10. A favourable atmosphere for the existence of the organisms on the Earth is created by the Greenhouse effect. C / W

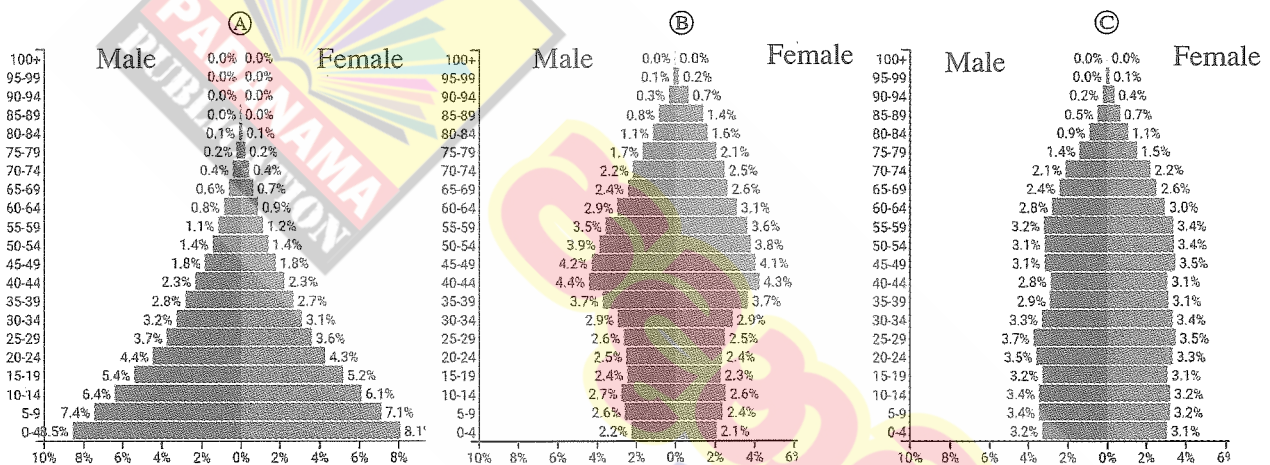
[see page two

- In questions from No. 11 to 19 fill the blanks with suitable words.

- igneous rocks are formed by cooling off the molten magma that comes to the surface from the Earth's interior.
- In the region between 50° to 60° latitudes in the Northern hemisphere forests are distributed.
- The territorial sea limit of Sri Lanka is considered as the zone that extends nautical miles from the coast line.
- The mostly produced and consumed grain crop of the World is
- Of the three sectors, agriculture, industry and services, a largest number of persons in the labour force of Sri Lanka is engaged in the sector.

- To answer the questions from No. 16 to 19 use the graphs given below.

Three graphs, (A), (B) and (C) depicting the population by age structure of three countries of the World in the year 2019 are given below.



source - <https://www.populationpyramid.net/>

- What is the letter that indicates the country with a high child-dependency value?
- What is the letter that indicates the country that an ongoing depopulation could be observed?
- What is the letter that indicates the country showing an almost stable level of population growth?
- What is the letter that indicates the country where a low level of life expectancy is discernible?

- In questions from No. 20 to 24, two columns are shown as 'A' and 'B'. On the dotted line write the number of the answer that shows the correct order when the information given in column 'A' is matched with the information given in column 'B'.

| | |
|---|---|
| <p>20.</p> <p>'A'</p> <p>Crop</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Tea Rubber Citrus | <p>'B'</p> <p>Districts important for cultivation</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Kalutara Hambantota Badulla Moneragala |
| <p>(1) A, B, C (2) A, C, D (3) C, A, B (4) C, B, A (.....)</p> | |

[see page three]

21. 'A' Locations related to fisheries
 1. Myliddy
 2. Peliyagoda
 3. Kalpitiya
 (1) A, B, C (2) B, D, C
- 'B' Fisheries activities
 A - Fisheries Training Centre
 B - Main wholesale fish market
 C - Fisheries harbour unloading fish
 D - Drying of fish and prawn culture
 (3) C, B, A (4) C, B, D (.....)
22. 'A' Atmospheric Layers
 1. Troposphere
 2. Stratosphere
 3. Mesosphere
 (1) A, B, C (2) B, A, C
- 'B' Specific characteristics
 A - Ozone layer is located
 B - Extends up to 8km - 12km from the earth's crust
 C - Lowest temperature in the atmosphere exists here
 D - This is the layer with highest temperature
 (3) B, C, D (4) C, B, D (.....)
23. 'A' Mineral type
 1. Silica sand
 2. Ilmenite
 3. Zircon
 (1) A, B, C (2) B, D, C
- 'B' Areas distributed
 A - Nilaveli
 B - Balangoda
 C - Marawila
 D - Eppawala
 (3) C, A, B (4) D, A, B (.....)
24. 'A' Colours used to show cultural features in metric maps
 1. Yellow colour
 2. Red colour
 3. Black colour
 (1) A, B, C (2) B, C, A
- 'B' Cultural features
 A - Railways
 B - Home Gardens
 C - School
 D - Irrigation canal
 (3) B, C, D (4) D, B, A (.....)
- For each question from No. 25 to 36, select the correct or most appropriate answer from the four answers given and write its number on the dotted line provided against it
25. From the information given from A to E below select the answer which contains only two information relevant to wheat cultivation.
 A - A monoculture and large farm lands
 B - A mixed farming system and organized as small farms
 C - Mechanization at a large scale
 D - Cold wet climate during growing season and chernozem soils
 E - Planes with Alluvial soils
 (1) A and B (2) A and D (3) B and C (4) D and E (.....)
26. Of various lightening types the one that directly affects the community is
 (1) Earth lightening. (2) Air lightening.
 (3) Cloud lightening. (4) Cyclonic lightening. (.....)
27. The pair of major cotton growing countries of the world is
 (1) China and India. (2) Egypt and South Korea.
 (3) Japan and Uganda. (4) Pakistan and Australia. (.....)
28. The specific name given to the cyclonic winds that emerge in the Northern Atlantic ocean is
 (1) Willy Willys. (2) Hurricane. (3) Typhoon. (4) Baguio. (.....)
29. The photosynthesis process which is essential for the existence of mankind occurs in the
 (1) Troposphere. (2) Lithosphere. (3) Stratophere. (4) Biosphere. (.....)

[see page four

30. Select the answer which contains two metamorphic rocks only.
 (1) Diamonds, Marble (2) Limestones, Coal
 (3) Graphite, Gypsum (4) Diamonds, Coal (.....)
31. The economic activity of the world that tremendously lagged behind due to the spread of COVID-19 pandemic was
 (1) Food production. (2) Garment industry.
 (3) Export of manufactured products. (4) Tourism industry. (.....)
32. What is the true statement regarding the fisheries industry in Sri Lanka?
 (1) A largest amount of fish is caught from the deep sea.
 (2) Use of technological methods is at a high level.
 (3) Although fisheries products are exported the country is not at self-sufficient level in fisheries industry.
 (4) The monopoly of the coastal fisheries industry is owned by the multi-national companies. (.....)
33. The most productive measure that could be taken to develop human resources of a country is
 (1) development of favourable attitudes.
 (2) development of physical and mental skills.
 (3) improvement of infrastructure facilities.
 (4) provision of employment opportunities. (.....)
34. A major factor that leads to an acute environmental problem encountered by the future world due to the technological development is
 (1) mixing of petroleum in ocean water.
 (2) disposal of plastic waste into the ocean.
 (3) decrease in the percentage of forests due to human activities.
 (4) irregular disposal of electronic waste. (.....)
35. The fish varieties such as Grass carp, Silver carp, Catla and Gurami are caught from the
 (1) deep sea. (2) coastal shallow sea.
 (3) fresh water reservoirs. (4) brackish water reservoirs like lagoons. (.....)
36. The water deposited in between soil strata is known as
 (1) surface water. (2) ground water. (3) soil water. (4) permeable water. (.....)
- Study carefully the pairs of interconnected topics shown by letters A, B, C and D and answer the questions from No. 37 to 40.
- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| A - 1. Burning of fossil fuel | B - 1. Migration |
| 2. Renewable energy | 2. Population |
| C - 1. Land utilization | D - 1. Global warming |
| 2. Soil erosion | 2. Sun spots |
37. What is the pair of topics which indicates that the second would act to minimize the adverse effects of the first?
 (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D (.....)
38. What is the pair of topics that indicates the second would cause an increase in the first?
 (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D (.....)
39. What is the pair of topics that indicates the first would result in an increase as well as a decrease in the second?
 (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D (.....)
40. What is the pair of topics that indicates the irregularity in the first is a reason for the second?
 (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D (.....)

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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 General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020

භූගෝල විද්‍යාව I, II
 புவிப்பியல் I, II
 Geography I, II

Geography II

- * This paper consists of two parts - I and II.
- * The question in Part I is compulsory. All three parts of it, namely (a), (b) and (c) should be answered.
- * Four questions from Part II should be answered.
- * The total number of questions to be answered is five.

Part I

1. (a) Study the 1 : 50 000 topographic map section provided and answer the questions based on that. In answering use the paper provided to you (page no. 8).
 For questions from No (i) to (iv) select the appropriate answer from the parentheses and write it.
- (i) What is shown by letter **A** ?
 (Mangrove / Coast protection ridges / Sand bank) (01 mark)
- (ii) What is the feature shown by letter **B** ?
 (Shrubs / Marsh / Grassland) (01 mark)
- (iii) What is the pink coloured area shown by letter **C** ?
 (built-up area / tourism zone / protected area) (01 mark)
- (iv) What is shown by letter **D** ?
 (territorial sea boundary / continental shelf boundary / Bathymetrical line) (01 mark)
- (v) What is the administrative boundary shown by letter **E** ? (01 mark)
- (vi) Name **two** institutions that provide public services in the enclosed area shown by letter **F**. (02 marks)
- Three statements about the map area are given below. Read each one of the statements and write down **C** / ✓ if it is correct and **W** / × if it is incorrect in front of the relevant question number given in the answer sheet.
- (vii) The main commercial crop in the map area is coconut. (01 mark)
- (viii) Chena cultivation is widely distributed around the main river of the map area. (01 mark)
- (ix) The paddy cultivation in the area is practised with the help of rain water. (01 mark)
- (b) Carefully study the world map provided to you and answer the questions given below. In answering, use the column of boxes adjacent to the map. (page No. 9).
 Three English Letters are given in front of each question from (i) to (v). Select the letter that indicates the correct answer from the world map and write it in the adjacent box.
- (i) California peninsula - **W**, **X**, **Y**
- (ii) Turkey, a country that faced massive damages due to an earthquake occurred recently - **N**, **O**, **P**
- (iii) Andaman islands, where a port is proposed to be constructed by India to re-ship the commodities in future - **R**, **S**, **T**
- (iv) Pampass grasslands - **K**, **L**, **M**
- (v) City of Sydney - **B**, **C**, **D** (05 marks)

[see page six

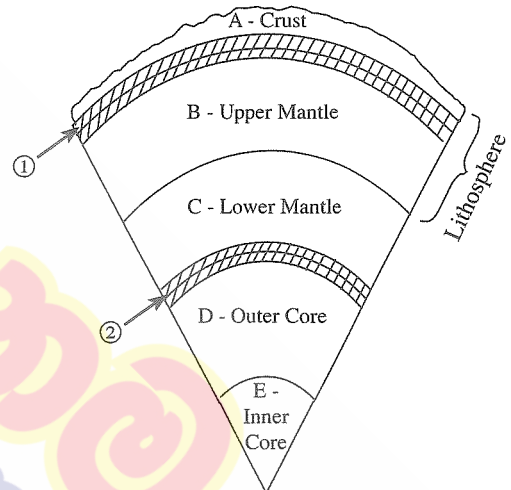
(c) Carefully study the map of Sri Lanka provided to you and answer the questions given below. In answering, use the column located adjacent to the map of Sri Lanka. (Page No. 9)
 Three English letters are given in front of each question from No. (i) to (v). Select the letter that indicates the correct answer for each question from the map and write it in the adjacent box.

- (i) Recently developed Palali Airport - (G), (H), (J)
- (ii) Anavilundawa Sanctuary which has caught attention of the environmentalists - (A), (B), (C)
- (iii) Biyagama Export Processing Zone - (D), (E), (F)
- (iv) Sangamankanda point - (O), (P), (R)
- (v) Recently constructed Moragahakanda Reservoir - (K), (L), (M) (05 marks)

Part II

2. A cross section of the Earth's structure is shown in the figure.

- (i) (a) Write the name of the discontinuity shown as the boundary between A and B strata indicated by No. ① and
- (b) the name of the discontinuity shown as the boundary between C and D strata indicated by No. ②, respectively.



- (ii) State **three** specific characteristics found associated with the structure of A strata. (03 marks)
 - (iii) Name **three** human activities that exert various impacts on the lithosphere and describe the impacts of **one** of them. (05 marks)
3. (i) Name the **two** major sectors of the World agricultural landuse. (02 marks)
- (ii) State **three** problems emerged at present in coconut cultivation practiced under the plantation agriculture in Sri Lanka. (03 marks)
- (iii) Explain with examples why the development of coconut industry is important in order to strengthen the economy of Sri Lanka. (05 marks)
4. (i) State two sources of energy that belong to the energy factor impacting on the location of industries. (02 marks)
- (ii) Write down **three** trends associated with the World Iron and Steel production Industry. (03 marks)
- (iii) (a) State **three** problems encountered by the cottage industrialists in Sri Lanka in relation to their industry. (03 marks)
- (b) Suggest **two** measures that could be taken to solve the problems that you have mentioned in (iii) (a). (02 marks)

[see page seven

5. (i) Of the vegetable varieties cultivated in Sri Lanka, name
 (a) a vegetable variety widely cultivated in the highland zone
 (b) a vegetable variety widely cultivated in the Dry Zone (02 marks)
 (ii) State **three** problems faced by the vegetable farmers in Sri Lanka. (03 marks)
 (iii) (a) Name **two** fruit varieties cultivated in Sri Lanka at Commercial level. (02 marks)
 (b) Suggest **two** measures that should be taken to increase the contribution of fruits production to the national economy of Sri Lanka and provide a brief description about **one** of them. (03 marks)
6. (i) Name **two** depleting natural resources of the world. (02 marks)
 (ii) State **three** problems associated with the utilization of soil resources in Sri Lanka. (03 marks)
 (iii) (a) State **two** damages caused to environment in the utilization of mineral resources in Sri Lanka. (02 marks)
 (b) Describe **one** measure that could be taken to prevent the damages you have mentioned in (iii) (a). (03 marks)
7. (i) Name **two** areas of the World where the drought disaster could be widely seen. (02 marks)
 (ii) State,
 (a) an impact on the physical environment,
 (b) **two** impacts on social environment occurred due to the drought disaster. (03 marks)
 (iii) State **three** measures that could be taken to minimize the landslide disaster in Sri Lanka and explain **one** of them. (05 marks)
8. (i) State,
 (a) a human activity
 (b) a natural cause
 that contribute to the increase in global temperature. (02 marks)
 (ii) State **three** unfavourable environmental impacts occurred due to the increase in global temperature. (03 marks)
 (iii) Suggest **three** measures that could be taken as a citizen to minimize the increase in global temperature and describe **one** of them. (05 marks)

* * *

[see page eight

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව/இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம்/Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020

கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020

General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020

විභාග අංකය

සැට්ටෙණ්

Index Number

(61) භූගෝල විද්‍යාව II
 புவிப்பியல் II
 Geography II

1. (අ) / (அ) / (a)

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

(v)

(vi)

(vii)

(viii)

(ix)

පරීක්ෂකවරයාගේ
 ප්‍රයෝජනය පිණිසයි.

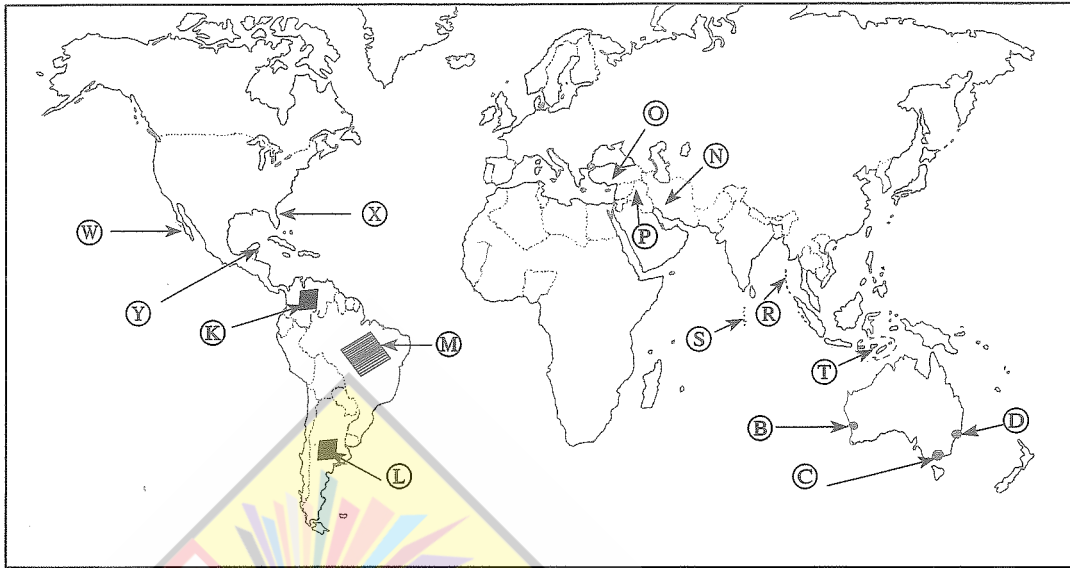
பரீட்சகரின்

உபயோகத்திற்கு மட்டும்

For Examiner's

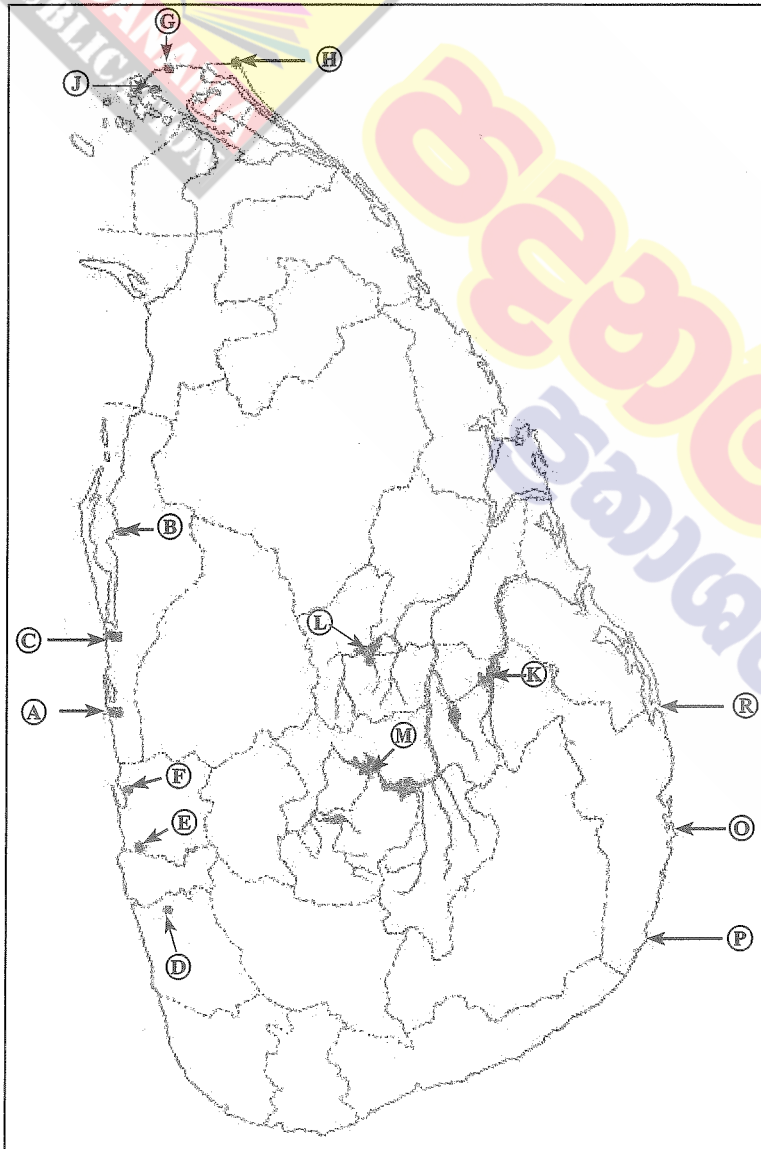
Use Only

(ආ) / (ඈ) / (b)



- N ↑
- (i)
 - (ii)
 - (iii)
 - (iv)
 - (v)
- 5

(ඉ) / (ඊ) / (c)



- N ↑
- (i)
 - (ii)
 - (iii)
 - (iv)
 - (v)
- 5

1. (ආ) (ඈ) (a) $\frac{\quad}{10}$

(ආ) (ඈ) (b) $\frac{\quad}{5}$

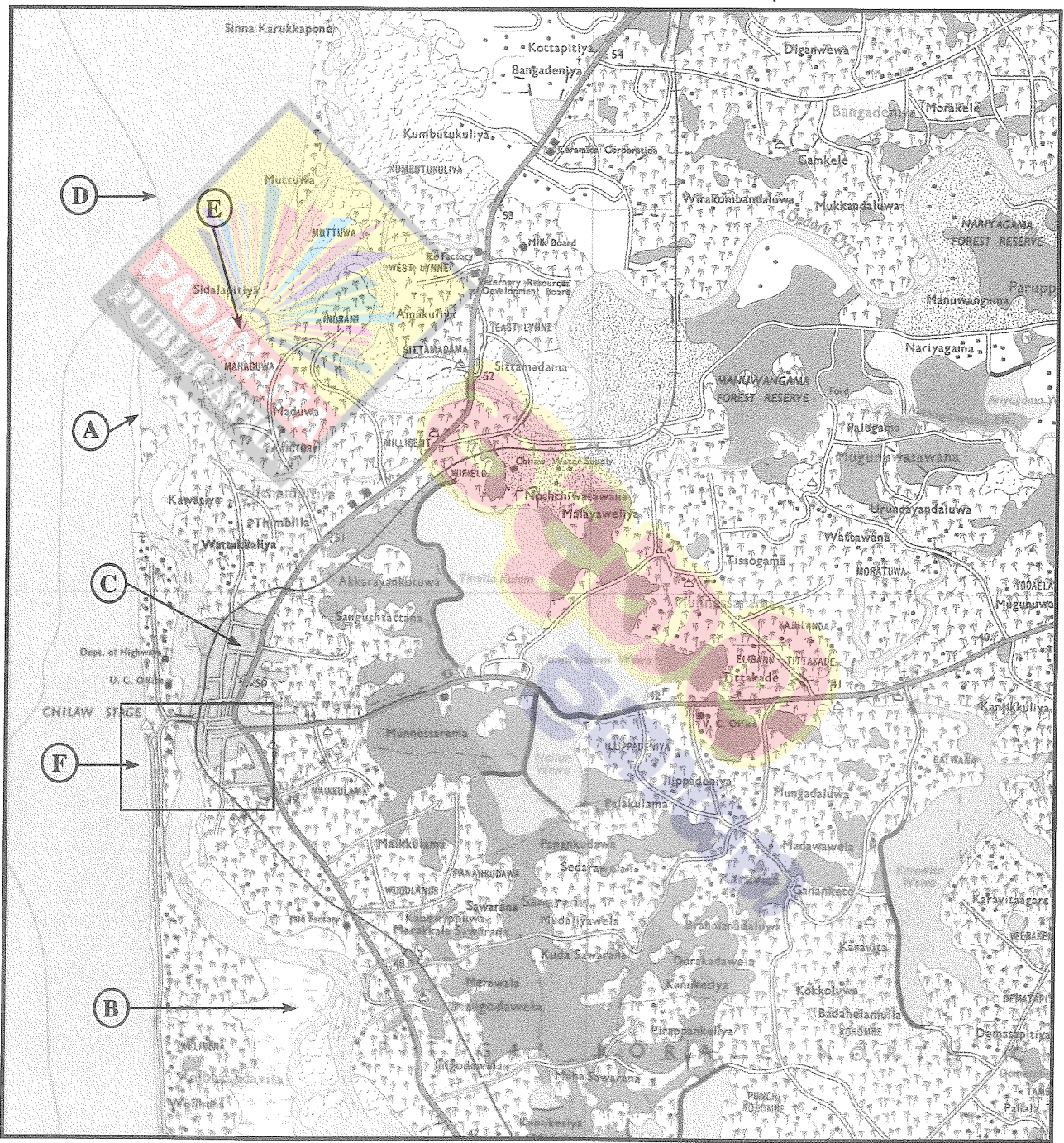
(ඉ) (ඊ) (c) $\frac{\quad}{5} = \frac{\quad}{20}$

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
 ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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61 II

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020
 General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020

භූගෝල විද්‍යාව II / புவிவியல் II / Geography II



SCALE : 1 : 50 000

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
 61 E I, II

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020
 General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020

භූගෝල විද්‍යාව I, II
 புவியியல் I, II
 Geography I, II

පැය තුනයි
 மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
 Three hours

අමතර කියවීමේ කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි
 மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்
 Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use **additional reading time** to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.

Index No. :

Geography I

- * This question paper comprises 40 questions.
- * Answer all questions on this paper itself in accordance with the instructions given for each question.

- From the answers given in the parentheses, select the answer that suits the blank in each question from No. 1 to 5 and write it on the dotted line.

1. Sri Lanka is located on the Indo-Australian geo-tectonic plate.
(Arabian / African / Indo-Australian)
2. Of the total amount of global water 97.5% is oceanic water.
(97.5% / 79% / 71%)
3. Of the three horizons of a soil profile, humus soils contain in the A horizon.
(A / B / C)
4. The Mediterranean climate is a special type of climate that could be identified within the Temperate climatic zone of the World.
(Tropical / Temperate / Cold)
5. The main mountain range located in South America is known as Andes mountains.
(Cordillera / Andes / Rocky)

- Read each statement from No. 6 to 10 and circle 'C' if it is correct and circle 'W' if it is incorrect.

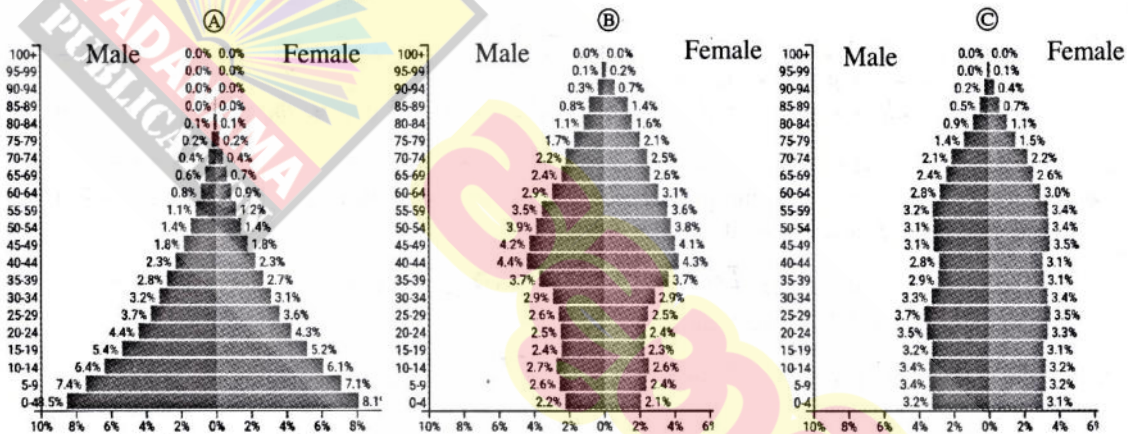
6. Graphite is a valuable ferrous mineral resource. C / (W)
7. Of the soil types in Sri Lanka the Reddish Brown Latozol soil is a soil type endemic to the Wet Zone. (C) W
8. Of the total land area of the World about 65% is sparsely populated areas. (C) W
9. The local milk production supplies the total amount of milk requirements of Sri Lanka. C / (W)
10. A favourable atmosphere for the existence of the organisms on the Earth is created by the Greenhouse effect. (C) W

- In questions from No. 11 to 19 fill the blanks with suitable words.

11. ...Extrusive igneous rocks are formed by cooling off the molten magma that comes to the surface from the Earth's interior.
12. In the region between 50° to 60° latitudes in the Northern hemisphere Coniferous forests are distributed.
13. The territorial sea limit of Sri Lanka is considered as the zone that extends12..... nautical miles from the coast line.
14. The mostly produced and consumed grain crop of the World is wheat.....
15. Of the three sectors, agriculture, industry and services, a largest number of persons in the labour force of Sri Lanka is engaged in the Services..... sector.

- To answer the questions from No. 16 to 19 use the graphs given below.

Three graphs, (A), (B) and (C) depicting the population by age structure of three countries of the World in the year 2019 are given below.



source - <https://www.populationpyramid.net/>

16. What is the letter that indicates the country with a high child-dependency value?A.....
 17. What is the letter that indicates the country that an ongoing depopulation could be observed?B.....
 18. What is the letter that indicates the country showing an almost stable level of population growth?C.....
 19. What is the letter that indicates the country where a low level of life expectancy is discernible?A.....
- In questions from No. 20 to 24, two columns are shown as 'A' and 'B'. On the dotted line write the number of the answer that shows the correct order when the information given in column 'A' is matched with the information given in column 'B'.

- | | | |
|-----|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| 20. | 'A' | 'B' |
| | Crop | Districts important for cultivation |
| | 1. Tea | A - Kalutara |
| | 2. Rubber | B - Hambantota |
| | 3. Citrus | C - Badulla |
| | | D - Moneragala |
| | (1) A, B, C | (2) A, C, D |
| | | (3) C, A, B |
| | | (4) C, B, A |
- (3.....)

Page three

21. **'A'**
Locations related to fisheries
1. Myliddy
 2. Peliyagoda
 3. Kalpitiya
- (1) A, B, C (2) B, D, C
- 'B'**
Fisheries activities
- A - Fisheries Training Centre
 - B - Main wholesale fish market
 - C - Fisheries harbour unloading fish
 - D - Drying of fish and prawn culture
- (3) C, B, A (4) C, B, D (...4...)
22. **'A'**
Atmospheric Layers
1. Troposphere
 2. Stratosphere
 3. Mesosphere
- (1) A, B, C (2) B, A, C
- 'B'**
Specific characteristics
- A - Ozone layer is located
 - B - Extends up to 8km - 12km from the earth's crust
 - C - Lowest temperature in the atmosphere exists here
 - D - This is the layer with highest temperature
- (3) B, C, D (4) C, B, D (...2...)
23. **'A'**
Mineral type
1. Silica sand
 2. Ilmenite
 3. Zircon
- (1) A, B, C (2) B, D, C
- 'B'**
Areas distributed
- A - Nilaveli
 - B - Balangoda
 - C - Marawila
 - D - Eppawala
- (3) C, A, B (4) D, A, B (...3...)
24. **'A'**
Colours used to show cultural features in metric maps
1. Yellow colour
 2. Red colour
 3. Black colour
- (1) A, B, C (2) B, C, A
- 'B'**
Cultural features
- A - Railways
 - B - Home Gardens
 - C - School
 - D - Irrigation canal
- (3) B, C, D (4) D, B, A (...2...)
- For each question from No. 25 to 36, select the **correct or most appropriate** answer from the four answers given and **write its number on the dotted line** provided against it
25. From the information given from A to E below select the answer which contains only **two** information relevant to wheat cultivation.
- A - A monoculture and large farm lands
 - B - A mixed farming system and organized as small farms
 - C - Mechanization at a large scale
 - D - Cold wet climate during growing season and chernozem soils
 - E - Planes with Alluvial soils
- (1) A and B (2) A and D (3) B and C (4) D and E (...2...)
26. Of various lightening types the one that directly affects the community is
- (1) Earth lightening.
 - (2) Air lightening.
 - (3) Cloud lightening.
 - (4) Cyclonic lightening.
- (...1...)
27. The pair of major cotton growing countries of the world is
- (1) China and India.
 - (2) Egypt and South Korea.
 - (3) Japan and Uganda.
 - (4) Pakistan and Australia.
- (...1...)
28. The specific name given to the cyclonic winds that emerge in the Northern Atlantic ocean is
- (1) Willy Willys.
 - (2) Hurricane.
 - (3) Typhoon.
 - (4) Baguio.
- (...2...)
29. The photosynthesis process which is essential for the existence of mankind occurs in the
- (1) Troposphere.
 - (2) Lithosphere.
 - (3) Stratosphere.
 - (4) Biosphere.
- (...4...)

30. Select the answer which contains two metamorphic rocks only.
 (1) Diamonds, Marble (2) Limestones, Coal
 (3) Graphite, Gypsum (4) Diamonds, Coal (...1....)
31. The economic activity of the world that tremendously lagged behind due to the spread of COVID-19 pandemic was
 (1) Food production. (2) Garment industry.
 (3) Export of manufactured products. (4) Tourism industry. (...4....)
32. What is the true statement regarding the fisheries industry in Sri Lanka?
 (1) A largest amount of fish is caught from the deep sea.
 (2) Use of technological methods is at a high level.
 (3) Although fisheries products are exported the country is not at self-sufficient level in fisheries industry.
 (4) The monopoly of the coastal fisheries industry is owned by the multi-national companies. (...3....)
33. The most productive measure that could be taken to develop human resources of a country is
 (1) development of favourable attitudes.
 (2) development of physical and mental skills.
 (3) improvement of infrastructure facilities.
 (4) provision of employment opportunities. (...2....)
34. A major factor that leads to an acute environmental problem encountered by the future world due to the technological development is
 (1) mixing of petroleum in ocean water.
 (2) disposal of plastic waste into the ocean.
 (3) decrease in the percentage of forests due to human activities.
 (4) irregular disposal of electronic waste. (...4....)
35. The fish varieties such as Grass carp, Silver carp, Catla and Gurami are caught from the
 (1) deep sea. (2) coastal shallow sea.
 (3) fresh water reservoirs. (4) brackish water reservoirs like lagoons. (...3....)
36. The water deposited in between soil strata is known as
 (1) surface water. (2) ground water. (3) soil water. (4) permeable water. (...2....)
- Study carefully the pairs of interconnected topics shown by letters A, B, C and D and answer the questions from No. 37 to 40.
- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| A - 1. Burning of fossil fuel 2. Renewable energy | B - 1. Migration 2. Population |
| C - 1. Land utilization 2. Soil erosion | D - 1. Global warming 2. Sun spots |
37. What is the pair of topics which indicates that the second would act to minimize the adverse effects of the first?
 (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D (...1....)
38. What is the pair of topics that indicates the second would cause an increase in the first?
 (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D (...4....)
39. What is the pair of topics that indicates the first would results in an increase as well as a decrease in the second?
 (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D (...2....)
40. What is the pair of topics that indicates the irregularity in the first is a reason for the second?
 (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D (...3....)

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව/இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம்/Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය 2020

විභාග අංකය

සාමාන්‍ය පොදු පාලන පත්‍ර (පාලන පාලන පාලන) 2020

සැටිය

General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020

Index Number

(61) භූගෝල විද්‍යාව II

புவியியல் II
Geography II

පරීක්ෂකවරයාගේ
ප්‍රයෝජනය පිණිසයි.
பரீட்சகரின்
உபயோகத்திற்கு மட்டும்
For Examiner's
Use Only

1. (අ) / (அ) / (a)

(i) Sand bank

1

(ii) Marsh

1

(iii) Built up area

1

(iv) Bathymetrical line

1

(v) -AG A Division / D.S. Division

1

(vi) Rest House / Police Station

1

Hospital (Naming two)

1

(vii) c ✓

1

(viii) c ✓

1

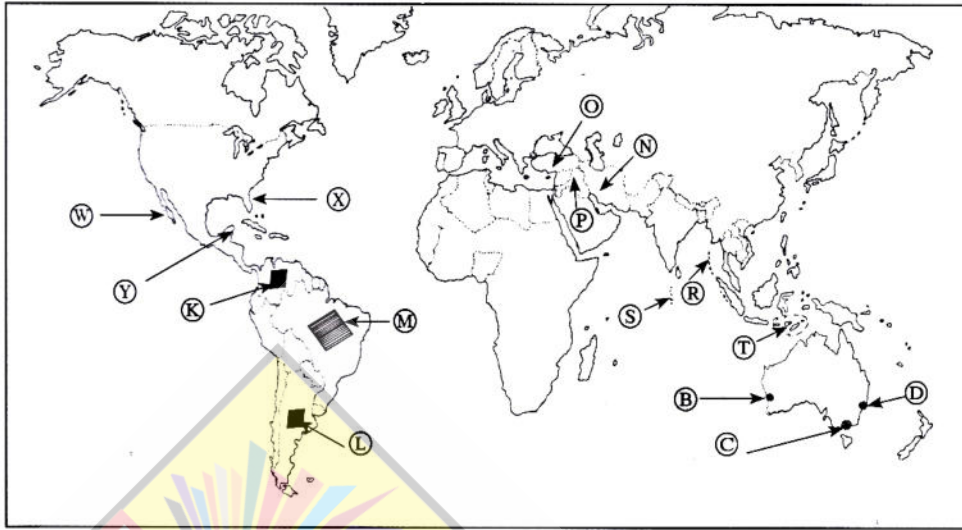
(ix) W X

1

10
10

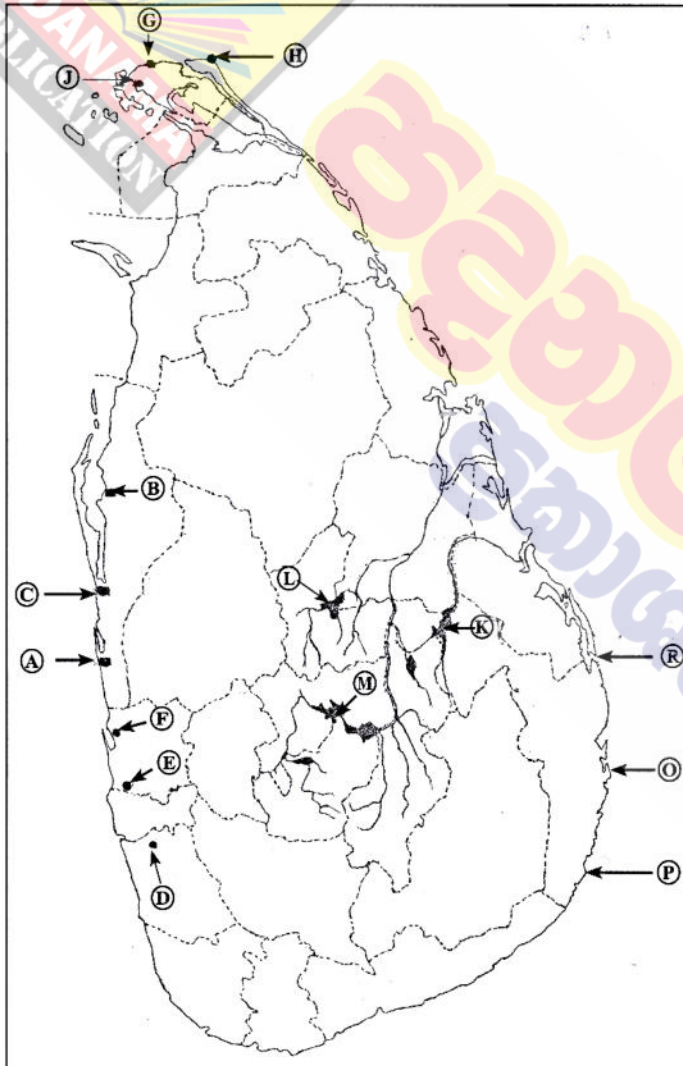
C / TTR

(අ) / (ඔ) / (b)



- (i)
 - (ii)
 - (iii)
 - (iv)
 - (v)
- $\frac{5}{5}$

(ආ) / (ඔ) / (c)



- (i)
 - (ii)
 - (iii)
 - (iv)
 - (v)
- $\frac{5}{5}$

1. (අ) (ඔ) (a) $\frac{10}{10}$ (ආ) (ඔ) (b) $\frac{5}{5}$ (ආ) (ඔ) (c) $\frac{5}{5} = \frac{20}{20}$

2. A cross section of the Earth's structure is shown in the figure.

(i) (a) Write the name of the discontinuity shown as the boundary between A and B strata indicated by No. ①.

and

(b) the name of the discontinuity shown as the boundary between C and D strata indicated by No. ②, respectively.

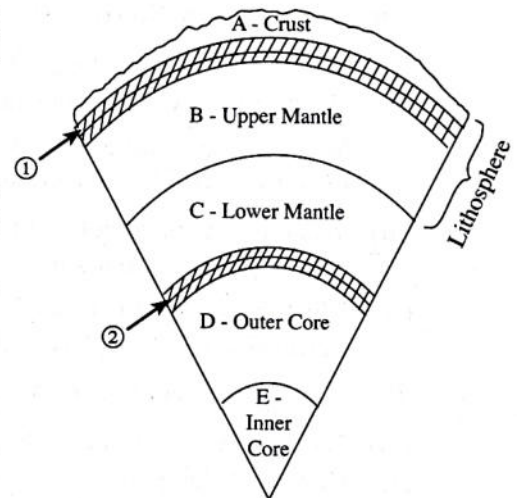
(02 marks)

(ii) State **three** specific characteristics found associated with the structure of A strata.

(03 marks)

(iii) Name **three** human activities that exert various impacts on the lithosphere and describe the impacts of **one** of them.

(05 marks)



(i) (a) Mohorovicic

(b) Gutenberg

(i) (a) 1 + (b)1 = 2 marks

(ii) • It belongs to the lithosphere.

• It consists around 1% of the total land mass of the earth.

• The thickness of the crust is not uniform.

If extends with a thickness of 5 km in depth in the oceans and 60 km in the continents.

• It consists of rocks

• It contains various useful types of minerals.

• The uppermost thin Layer of the crust consists of soil and it is continuously developed through the processes in the bio - environment. This thin soil Layer is important for agricultural activities.

• The crust is divided in to two parts according to its location, structure and the density of rocks:

- Continental Crust and

- Oceanic crust

• The continental crust consists of granitic rocks.

This part is called the "Sial" layer as it is primarily composed of Silica (Si) and Aluminum (Al)

- The oceanic crust consists of basaltic rocks.
This layer is called "Sima" layer as it consists of Silica (Si) Magnesium (Mg)
- The Simag is the basic rock layer on which the Sial layer lies.

for mentioning three characteristics (ii) 1 X 3 = 3 marks

- (iii) obtain
- The occurrence of Land degradation due to the excavation of Land to obtain mineral resources.
 - Intensification of soil erosion as a result of exposure of Land due to clearing of forests.
 - Obstruction to the soil formation process.
 - Changes in the ground water level.
 - Damage to certain Layers of the lithosphere as a result of disposal of domestic and industrial waste.
 - Disturbance in the equilibrium of the lithosphere due to construction of large reservoirs and storied buildings.

**Naming three activities - 03 marks
for description of one activity - 02
marks Total - 05 marks**

3. (i) Name the **two** major sectors of the World agricultural landuse. (02 marks)
- (ii) State **three** problems emerged at present in coconut cultivation practiced under the plantation agriculture in Sri Lanka. (03 marks)
- (iii) Explain with examples why the development of coconut industry is important in order to strengthen the economy of Sri Lanka. (05 marks)

- (i) Subsistence
(01) Agriculture
(02) Commercial
Agriculture

**(i) 1 + 1 = 2
marks**

- (ii) Lands.
- Fragmentation of
 - Using coconut Lands for other purposes - Land being blocked out in small plots.
 - Lands being used for construction of houses and for other development purposes due to the rapid increase of population.

- Lower harvest due to cultivation of crops in the same land for a long period of time.
- Difficulty in obtaining credit facilities as there are problems in the ownership of Land.
- Increase in local consumption resulted in imitating exports.
- Facing epidemics and diseases caused by insects. (diseases by Beetles, Mita attack)
- Destruction of crops due to severe droughts
- Management Problems.
- Lower use of fertilizers.

(ii) Naming three Problems = 1 X 3 = 03 marks

- (iii)
- Ability to earn more foreign and local income.
 - Higher possibility of diversification of products when compared with other commercial crops.
 - Source of supplying raw materials for many industries.(food/ beverages/ decorations/ furniture/ ornaments/ animal food etc....
 - Every part of the tree is used in preparation of many products.
(Coir/ coir refuse/ husk/ eacle/ coconut shell/ kernel/ young coconut/ king coconut/ oil/ milk/ milk powder/ toddy/ vinegar/ treacle/ desiccated coconut/ roofing material (raters/ beams/ thatch)
 - New employment opportunities
 - Ability of starting number of coconut based industries with a small amount of capital investment.
 - No need of heavy machinery, sometimes hand operated machines and also light electrical machinery are used.
 - Little space is enough for location of some industries.
 - 28% of cultivated land is under coconut cultivation. Coconut is grown in home gardens in almost every part of Sri Lanka - a great advantage to the economy of Sri Lanka.

mentioning three facts = - 03 marks

explanation with examples - 02 marks

05 marks

4. (i) State **two** sources of energy that belong to the energy factor impacting on the location of industries. (02 marks)
- (ii) Write down **three** trends associated with the World Iron and Steel production Industry. (03 marks)
- (iii) (a) State **three** problems encountered by the cottage industrialists in Sri Lanka in relation to their industry. (03 marks)
- (b) Suggest **two** measures that could be taken to solve the problems that you have mentioned in (iii) (a). (02 marks)

- (i) • coal • petroleum oil • hydro power • nuclear power
• solar energy.....

Naming two - 02 marks

- (ii) • Producing iron and steel of special qualities (durability, capacity to bear weight, flexibility, ability to withstand shocks)
- Ability to improve quality by mixing with other metals (Aluminum, Copper)
 - Ability to recycle after discarding (old iron, Scrap iron)
 - Production activities have become modernized (ex . electric furnace could be used instead of coal for smelting iron ore)
 - Some countries which were in the fore front in production of iron and steel in the past have gradually receded from the market.
 - As there is an increase in demand for steel from east Asian countries, a new market has been created (ex . China, South Korea)
 - Certain countries which export steel in international trade also import steel concurrently. (ex. China and South Korea)
 - Industries which were located in areas where the raw materials were found show a tendency to be located in areas where the factors such as capital and markets are available.

naming three trends = 1x3 = 03 marks

- (iii) (a)
- Problem of obtaining industrial raw material
 - Shortage of labour to maintain traditional cottage industries
 - Lack of skilled labour
 - Effects of imported substitution and products on these crafts
 - Rising costs of production and lack of capital investment
 - Marketing problems
 - Problems about techniques of production
 - Lack of traditional knowledge

naming three problems = 1x3 = 03 marks

- (b)
- Training labour for cottage industries by the government
 - Make concessions to obtain raw material (ex. clay/ cane/ brass)
 - Relaxing of rules and regulations those are hindrance in obtaining raw material
 - Immense patronage is given by the central government, as well as at local and divisional levels to up lift these industries.
 - Implementation of the Divinaguma development programme
 - Establishment of craft villages
 - Handicraft development programme
 - Encouraging producers by holding exhibitions
 - Setting up markets under state patronage (Local and foreign)
 - Increasing use of new machinery along with human labour
 - Providing loan facilities
 - Awareness programmes
 - Creating separate ministries

for two = 02 marks

(b) 03 marks

05 marks

5. (i) Of the vegetable varieties cultivated in Sri Lanka, name
 (a) a vegetable variety widely cultivated in the highland zone
 (b) a vegetable variety widely cultivated in the Dry Zone (02 marks)
 (ii) State **three** problems faced by the vegetable farmers in Sri Lanka. (03 marks)
 (iii) (a) Name **two** fruit varieties cultivated in Sri Lanka at Commercial level. (02 marks)
 (b) Suggest **two** measures that should be taken to increase the contribution of fruits production to the national economy of Sri Lanka and provide a brief description about **one** of them. (03 marks)

- (i) (a) • Leeks • Cabbage • beans • carrot • potatoes • beetroot • knolkhol ..
 (b) • Drumsticks • Lonbeans • tomato • bringals • kakiri • bitter gourd
 • pumpkins • cucumber

naming one

(a) 1 + (b) 1 = 02 marks

- (ii) (a) • Insufficient storage facilities and cold storage facilities
 • Insufficient transport facilities - (Wastage transport)
 • Due to the use of seed which does not conform to standards, production falls short of market demands
 • Insufficient purchasing centers.
 • Existence of non stable price in local markets
 • The income of farmers has decreased because of middle men
 • Facing epidemics and diseases caused by insects (ex - by mealy bags)
 • Destruction of crops due to floods, drought, heavy rain and landslides.
 • High cost of production.
 • Price increase - Seeds
 • Application of fertilizers - production cost increasing

naming three problems = 1x3 = 03 marks

- (iii) (a) • bananas • Pineapples • Mangoes • Passion Fruit • graps • papans
 • Avocado, • Oranges • Dragan Fruit • rambutan • guava.

(a) naming two = 1+1 = 02 marks

- (b)
- Increase the storage facilities and cold storage facilities.
 - Steps should be taken to regularize the transport system in order prevent the damages and wastage of fruits.
 - Diversification of products
 - Implementing awareness programmes for fruit cultivators
 - about new methods of farming
 - about new techniques of production
 - advisory Service
 - Precision of subsidies to increase production
 - Government patronage for fruit productions
 - provision of export tax concessions
 - expansion of market service
 - provision of subsidies for fertilizer.
 - establishing export villages.

(a) naming two fruit varieties = 02 mark

(b) for two measures = 02 mark

brief description about one = 01 mark

05 marks

6. (i) Name **two** depleting natural resources of the world. (02 marks)
- (ii) State **three** problems associated with the utilization of soil resources in Sri Lanka. (03 marks)
- (iii) (a) State **two** damages caused to environment in the utilization of mineral resources in Sri Lanka. (02 marks)
- (b) Describe **one** measure that could be taken to prevent the damages you have mentioned in (iii) (a). (03 marks)

- (i)
- Fossil fuel • Forests • Fertile soil • Metal minerals • Iron ore - copper • gold
 - Drumsticks • Non metal minerals - Coal • Gems • Silica • Rocks.....

Naming two = 1+1 = 02 marks

- (ii)
- Severe soil erosion
 - Salinity of soil
 - Reduction of the capacity to retain water in soil
 - Reduction of fertility due to over exposure of land
 - Land degradation due to chemical fertilizers, pesticides and weedicides
 - Occurrence of material disasters such as floods and Landslides.

- Effect on the ground water aquifers
- Soil organisms get destroyed

Naming three = 1+3 = 03 marks

- (ii) (a)
- Environment pollution due to technical methods used in mining mineral resources.
 - Sand mining in river valleys would cause erosion of river banks floods, destruction of cultivations due to flow of Salinized water to the interior of the country.
 - Pits are created due to mining and earth slips and landslides may occur too.
 - Unused pits filled with water for a long time become breeding grounds for mosquitos and bacteria.
 - Floods occur due to deposition of sediments in rivers.
 - Mining can be harmful to tree and plants in the environment.
 - Destruction of cultivated lands.
 - Water, land, and air pollution.
 - Destruction of aquatic organisms and soil organisms.
 - Nature beauty.

Naming two damages 1 x 2 = 02 marks

- (b)
- Issuing of licenses to regularise mineral mining.
 - Minimizing wastage when mining.
 - Taking the maximum use of the resources, available.
 - Regularizing laws for mining and transportation of minerals
 - Taking steps to prevent unused pits becoming breeding grounds for mosquitos and bacteria.
 - Imposing efficiency in technology.

description of one measure = 03 marks

(a) 2 + (b) 03 = 05 marks

7. (i) Name **two** areas of the World where the drought disaster could be widely seen. (02 marks)
- (ii) State,
 (a) an impact on the physical environment,
 (b) **two** impacts on social environment occurred due to the drought disaster. (03 marks)
- (iii) State **three** measures that could be taken to minimize the landslide disaster in Sri Lanka and explain **one** of them. (05 marks)

- (i)
- Central African Sahel zone.
 - Midwest zone in North America.
 - Central Australia.
 - The areas of Hyderabad, Gujarat and Maharashtra in India.
 - North western part of china.

Naming two areas 1 x 2 = 02

marks

- (ii) (a)
- Infertility of soil
 - Destruction in the bio - diversity.
 - Damage to vegetation cover.
 - Destruction of natural beauty.
 - forest fire
 - Desertification

Naming one = 01 mark

- (b) scarcity.
- Presence of a severe water
 - Destruction of farm lands.
 - Obstruction to hydro - power generation.
 - Humans and animals suffer starvation and diseases.

Naming two 1 x 2 = 02

2 (a) 1 + (b) 1 = 02 marks

- (iii) slope.
- Protection of the vegetation covers on lands with
 - Not obstructing the natural drainage pattern.
 - Following scientific instructions when using lands with slopes.
 - Not building reservoirs in elevated areas.
 - Not constructing buildings in the lands with steep slopes.
 - Tatting steps to protect the stability of the land areas with slopes (retaining walls, drains and forestation)
 - Community awareness programmers.

three measures 1 x

= 03

3 explaining of one

mark

Total

marks

marks

8. (i) State,
(a) a human activity
(b) a natural cause
that contribute to the increase in global temperature. (02 marks)
- (ii) State **three** unfavourable environmental impacts occurred due to the increase in global temperature. (03 marks)
- (iii) Suggest **three** measures that could be taken as a citizen to minimize the increase in global temperature and describe **one** of them. (05 marks)

- (i) (a)
- Burning and over consumption of fossil fuel.
 - Deforestation.
 - Industrialization.
 - Animal husbandry (ruminants).
 - Disposal of solid waste.
 - Setting fire.
 - Nuclear experiments.

Naming one = 01 mark

(a) 1 + (b) 1 = 02 mark

- (b)
- Eruption of volcanoes.
 - Bush fires.
 - Natural marsh lands.
 - Changes in the atmosphere.
 - Sun spots.

Naming one = 01 mark

(a) 1 + (b) 1 = 02 marks

- (ii)
- Occurrence of climatic changes.
 - Rise in sea level due to melting ice in polar regions.
 - Destruction of lagoons and salinization of water.
 - Increase of temperature in oceans and destruction of aquatic organisms.
 - Occurrence of cyclones due to increase in the temperature on the surface of oceans.
 - Change of climatic boundary zones.
 - Extinction of certain animals and emergence of new species.
 - Destruction of animal genes and creations of abnormalities.
 - Destruction of crops and decrease of yield.
 - Changes in animal breeding zones.
 - Pollution of drinking water sources.

Naming three impacts = 1x3 = 03 marks

- (iii)
- Less consumption of energy sources that emit greenhouse gasses.
 - Motivation to use energy sources such as wind and solar power.
 - Using organic manure for crop cultivation instead of chemical fertilizers.
 - Management of solid waste materials.
 - Expansion of afforestation (tree planting programmes)
 - Using common transportation facilities.
 - Introduction of mixed crops and multy - crops.
 - Assisting public awareness programmes.

Naming three measures = 1x3 = 03 marks

description one = 02 marks

Total = 05 marks

10 සහ 11 ශ්‍රේණි සඳහා ග්‍රන්ථ නාමාවලිය

(අ.පො.ස) සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ 11 ශ්‍රේණිය - කෙටි සටහන්

සිංහල මාධ්‍ය

- 10-11 සිංහල ව්‍යාකරණ
- 10-11 සිංහල සාහිත්‍යය රසාස්වාදය
- බුද්ධ ධර්මය
- කතෝලික ධර්මය
- සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිත්‍යය
- සිංහල සාහිත්‍යය සංග්‍රහය
- English Language
- ගණිතය - 1
- ගණිතය - 2
- ජීව විද්‍යාව
- භෞතික විද්‍යාව
- රසායන විද්‍යාව
- ඉතිහාසය
- ව්‍යාපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධ්‍යයනය
- භූගෝල විද්‍යාව
- පුරවැසි අධ්‍යාපනය
- පෙරදිග සංගීතය
- නර්තනය
- නාට්‍ය හා රංග කලාව
- චිත්‍ර කලාව
- තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය
- සන්නිවේදනය හා මාධ්‍ය අධ්‍යයනය
- සෞඛ්‍යය හා ශාරීරික අධ්‍යාපනය
- කෘෂි හා ආහාර තාක්ෂණය
- ගෘහ ආර්ථික විද්‍යාව

11 ශ්‍රේණිය - ප්‍රශ්නෝත්තර

සිංහල මාධ්‍ය

- සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිත්‍යය
- බුද්ධ ධර්මය
- ඉතිහාසය
- ව්‍යාපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධ්‍යයනය
- පුරවැසි අධ්‍යාපනය

Grade 11 - Short Notes

English Medium

- Buddhism
- Mathematics - 1
- Mathematics - 2
- Biology
- Physics
- Chemistry
- History
- Business & Accounting Studies
- Geography
- Civic Education
- ICT
- Health & Physical Education
- 10-11 English Literary (Poetry)
- 10-11 English Literary (Drama)
- 10-11 English Literary (Short Story)

Grade 11 - Model Papers

English Medium

- Civic Education

10 ශ්‍රේණිය - කෙටි සටහන්

සිංහල මාධ්‍ය

- බුද්ධ ධර්මය
- කතෝලික ධර්මය
- සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිත්‍යය
- සිංහල සාහිත්‍යය සංග්‍රහය
- සිංහල රචනා අත්වැල
- English Language
- ගණිතය - 1
- ගණිතය - 2
- ජීව විද්‍යාව
- භෞතික විද්‍යාව
- රසායන විද්‍යාව

Grade 10 - Short Notes

English Medium

- ඉතිහාසය
- ඉතිහාසය රූප සටහන් අග්‍රිත කෙටි සටහන්
- ව්‍යාපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධ්‍යයනය - 1
- ව්‍යාපාර හා ගිණුම්කරණ අධ්‍යයනය - 2
- භූගෝල විද්‍යාව
- පුරවැසි අධ්‍යාපනය
- පෙරදිග සංගීතය
- නර්තනය
- නාට්‍ය හා රංග කලාව
- චිත්‍ර කලාව
- තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය
- සන්නිවේදනය හා මාධ්‍ය අධ්‍යයනය
- සෞඛ්‍යය හා ශාරීරික අධ්‍යාපනය
- කෘෂි හා ආහාර තාක්ෂණය
- ගෘහ ආර්ථික විද්‍යාව
- ජපන් භාෂාව

- Buddhism
- Mathematics - 1
- Mathematics - 2
- Biology
- Physics
- Chemistry
- History
- Business & Accounting Studies - 1
- Business & Accounting Studies - 2
- Geography
- Civic Education
- ICT
- Health & Physical Education

10 ශ්‍රේණිය - ප්‍රශ්නෝත්තර

සිංහල මාධ්‍ය

- සිංහල භාෂාව හා සාහිත්‍යය
- බුද්ධ ධර්මය
- ගණිතය
- විද්‍යාව
- ඉතිහාසය
- පුරවැසි අධ්‍යාපනය
- භූගෝල විද්‍යාව
- පෙරදිග සංගීතය

Grade 10 - Model Papers

English Medium

- Mathematics
- Science
- Civic Education
- Geography
- English Activity Book
- English Work Book

අනෙකුත් ග්‍රන්ථ

- හෙළදිව කතිකාවත
- අරුණශාන්ත අමරසිංහ
- හොල්මන් අවතාර සහ යකඳුරන්
- අරුණශාන්ත අමරසිංහ
- සිසු-ගුරු අත්පොත නාට්‍ය හා රංග කලාව 10-11 ශ්‍රේණි සඳහා (නව විෂය නිර්දේශය) - තන්දන අල්ගේවත්ත

පාඩමෙන් පාඩමට මාසික ඇගයීම්

සිංහල මාධ්‍ය

- 10-ශ්‍රේණිය - විද්‍යාව
- 11-ශ්‍රේණිය - විද්‍යාව

සියලු ම ශ්‍රේණි සඳහා කෙටි සටහන්, ප්‍රශ්න පත්‍ර කට්ටල සහ වැඩ පොත් අප සතුව තිබෙන අතර, මෙම ඕනෑම ග්‍රන්ථයක් වට්ටම් සහිත ව ඔබේ නිවසට ම ගෙන්වා ගත හැකි ය.